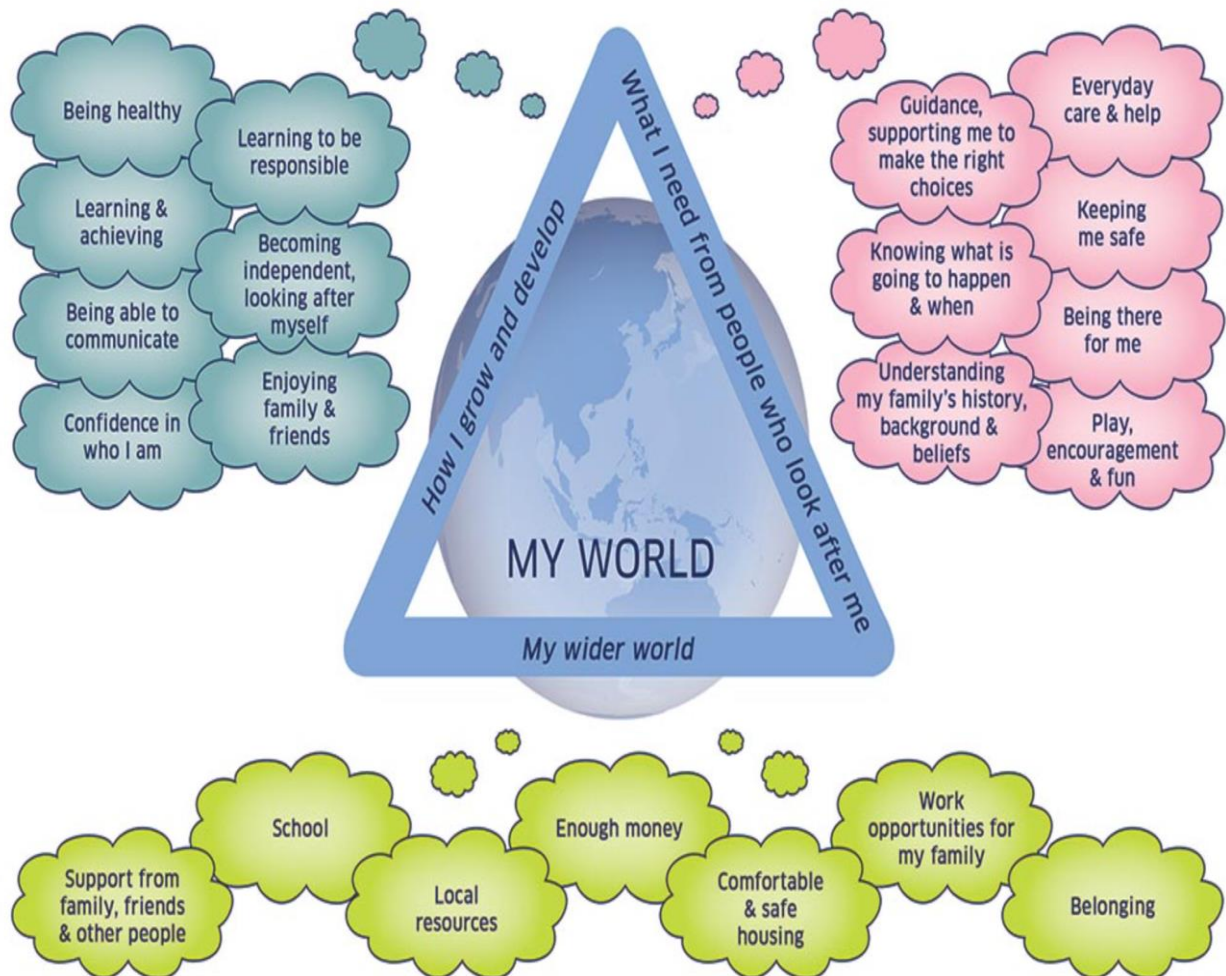


My world triangle



The whole child or young person: Physical, Social, Educational, Emotional, Spiritual & Psychological development

How I grow and develop

Being healthy

This includes full information about all aspects of a child's health and development, relevant to their age and stage. Developmental milestones, major illnesses, hospital admissions, any impairments, disabilities, conditions affecting development and health. Health care, including nutrition, exercise, physical and mental health issues, sexual health, substance abuse.

Learning and achieving

This includes cognitive development from birth, learning achievements, and the skills and interests which can be nurtured. How additional needs are supported. Achievements in leisure, hobbies, sport. Education and social development milestones need to be recorded. Personal learning plans and other educational records should provide evidence of what has been achieved and what supports are needed or being provided for. Is the child's progress with formal education in line with expectations? Attention should also be given to further education or training needs and potential employment opportunities for young people moving or have moved towards semi- or full independence.

Confidence in who I am

Child or young person's temperament and characteristics. Nature and quality of early and current attachments. Emotional and behavioural development. Resilience, self esteem. Knows views are listened to. Ability to take pride in achievements. Confidence in managing challenges, opportunities, difficulties appropriate to the age and stage of development. Sense of identity which has an appreciation of ethnic and cultural background and is comfortable with gender, sexuality, religious belief. Skills in social presentation.

Being able to communicate

This includes development of language and communication. Being in touch and communicating constructively with others. Ability to express thoughts, feelings and needs. What is the child or young person's preferred language or method of communication? Are there particular people with whom the child communicates that you will need to involve? Are aids to communication needed?

Learning to be responsible

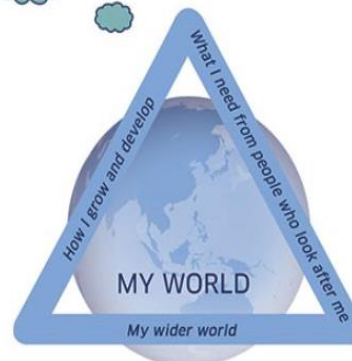
Learning appropriate social skills and behaviour. Values: sense of right and wrong; Consideration for others; Ability to understand what is expected and act on it. How does the child respond to key influences on social and emotional development at different ages and stages - e.g. collaborative play in early childhood, peer expectations at school and outside.

Becoming independent, looking after myself

The gradual acquisition of skills and confidence needed to move from dependence to independence. Early practical skills of feeding, dressing etc. Engaging with learning and other tasks, acquiring skills and competence in social problem solving, getting on well with others, moving to independent living skills and autonomy. What are the effects of any impairment or disability or of social circumstances and how might these be compensated for?

Enjoying family and friends

How is the child or young person responding to relationships that support, value, encourage and guide them; to family and wider social networks; opportunities to make and sustain lasting significant relationships; encouragement to develop skills in making friends, to take account of the feelings and needs of others, and to behave responsibly? This links and overlaps with what a child or young person needs from those who look after them and the wider environment.



My wider world



School

From pre-school and nursery onwards, the school environment plays a key role. What are the experiences of school and peer networks and relationships? What aspects of the learning environment and opportunities for learning are important to the child or young person? Availability of study support, out of school learning and special interests. Can the school provide what is needed to meet the particular educational and social needs of the child?

Support from family, friends and other people

Networks of family and social support. Relationships with grandparents, aunts and uncles, extended family and friends. What supports can they provide? Are there tensions involved in or negative aspects of the family's social networks? Are there problems of lost contact or isolation? Are there reliable, long term networks of support which the child or family can reliably draw on? Who are the significant people in the child or young person's wider environment?

Enough money

Has the family or young person adequate income to meet the day to day needs and any special needs? Have problems of poverty and disadvantage affected opportunities? Is household income managed for the benefit of all? Are there problems of debts? Do benefit entitlements need to be explored? Is income adequate to ensure the child can take part in school and leisure activities and pursue special interests and skills?

Comfortable and safe housing

Is the accommodation suitable for the needs of the child and family - including adaptations needed to meet special needs? Is it in a safe, well maintained and resourced, and child friendly neighbourhood? Have there been frequent moves?

Work opportunities for my family

Are there local opportunities for training and rewarding work? Cultural and family expectations of work and employment. Supports for the young person's career aspirations and opportunities.

Belonging

Being accepted in the community, feeling included and valued. What are the opportunities for taking part in activities which support social contact and inclusion - e.g. playgroups, after school clubs, youth clubs, environmental improvements, parents and residents' groups, faith groups? Are there local prejudices and tensions affecting the child or young person's ability to fit in?

Local resources

Resources which the child or young person, and family, can access for leisure, faith, sport, active lifestyle. Projects offering support and guidance at times of stress or transition. Access to and local information about health, childcare, care in the community, specialist services.

What I need from people who look after me

Everyday care and help

This is about the ability to nurture which includes day-to-day physical and emotional care, food, clothing and housing. Enabling healthcare and educational opportunities. Meeting the child's changing needs over time, encouraging growth of responsibility and independence. Listening to the child and being able to respond appropriately to a child's likes and dislikes. Support in meeting parenting tasks and help carers' own needs.

Keeping me safe

Keeping the child safe at home; exercising appropriate guidance and protection outside. Practical home safety such as fire guards and stair gates., hygiene. Protecting from physical, social and emotional dangers such as bullying, anxieties about friendships. Is the care-giver able to protect the child consistently and effectively? Seeking help and solutions to domestic problems such as mental health needs, violence, offending behaviour. Taking a responsible interest in child's friends and associates, use of internet, exposure to situations where sexual exploitation or substance misuse may present risks, staying out late, staying away from home. Are there identifiable risk factors? Is the young person being encouraged to find out about risks and confident about being safe? Are the child's concerns being listened to?

Being there for me

Love, emotional warmth, attentiveness and engagement. Listening to me. Who are the people who can be relied on to recognise and respond to the child or young person's emotional needs? Who are the people with whom the child has particular bond? Are there issues of attachment? Who is of particular significance? Who does the child trust? Is there sufficient emotional security and responsiveness in the child's current caring environment? What is the level of stability and quality of relationships between siblings, other members of the household? Do issues between parents impact on their ability to parent? Are there issues within a family history that impinge on the family's ability to care?

Play, encouragement, fun

Stimulation and encouragement to learn and enjoy life, responsiveness to the child or young person's unique needs and abilities. Who spends time with the child or young person, communicating, interacting, responding to the child's curiosity, providing an educationally rich environment? Is the child or young person's progress encouraged by sensitive responses to interests and achievements, involvement in school activities? Is there someone to act as the child or young person's mentor and champion and listen to their wishes?

Guidance, supporting me to make the right choices

Values, guidance and boundaries. Making clear to the child or young person what is expected and why. Are household roles and rules of behaviour appropriate to the age and understanding of the child or young person? Are sanctions constructive and consistent? Are responses to behaviour appropriate, modelling behaviour that represents autonomous, responsible adult expectations? Is the child or young person treated with consideration and respect, encouraged to take social responsibility within a safe and protective environment? Are there any specific aspects which may need intervention?

Knowing what is going to happen and when

Is the child or young person's life stable and predictable? Are routines and expectations appropriate and helpful to age and stage of development? Are the child or young person's needs given priority within an environment that expects mutual consideration? Who are the family members and others important to the child or young person? Is there stability and consistency within the household? Can the people who look after her or him be relied on to be open and honest about family and household relationships, about wider influences, needs, decisions and to involve the child or young person in matters which affect him or her? Transition issues must be fully explored for them during times of change.

Understanding my family's background and beliefs

Family and cultural history; issues of spirituality and faith. Do the child or young person's significant carers foster an understanding of their own and the child's background - their family and extended family relationships and their origins? Is their racial, ethnic and cultural heritage given due prominence? Do those around the child or young person respect and value diversity? How well does the child understand the different relationships, for example with step relationships, different partnerships etc?

