# Children Missing from Home and Care Practice Guidance



## **Push**





#### Problems at home

- Family break-up
- Conflict with parents
- Domestic abuse
- Parent use of drugs / alcohol
- Sense of unfair treatment
- Rejection
- Abuse and neglect\* Mental health problems Bullying

To be near friends or family (especially if in care and family time not planned)

Grooming for potential exploitation, look out for:

- New clothes
- Phone
- Money
- Being met or collected

\*Abuse and neglect important factors underlying decision to run, especially for children who first run away from home before the age of 11 and even those who run away only once or twice

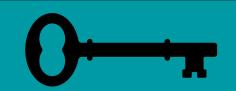
- **Exploitation** sexual and/or criminal
  - Radicalisation

Missing more than 1

night or frequently

indicates risk of

- Trafficking
- Labour exploitation



Every return home interview (RHI) can be the key to knowing the reason(s) behind a missing episode

### √ Complete Mosaic work-step for every missing episode; noting

- triggers and RHI information If young person goes missing again ensure that the further work step is completed
- Seek out patterns and themes!
- ✓ Work with the child/young person and parent / carers to plan against risks and triggers





person's reasons Consider if any

Listen to the

changes can be made to - curfew hours; time to talk or spend with family and friends; change in placement type or location

#### Children in Care - strategies to prevent running away / going missing

- > Reduce the instances of inappropriate placements
- Distance from home, family and friends should be considered as a risk factor
- Provide advise about independent advocate - and take child's views in account
- > Use of small children's homes, which have strong leadership and positive culture
- Complete pre-incident risk assessment

Pre-incident risk form

1 week into care

### What might increase risk of going missing

- Previous missing
- Coming home after agreed curfew
- Regularly truant from school
- Saying they want to move / different type of placement
- Changes in behaviour excessive texts; secretive; change in mood
- Stopped letting carer / staff know whereabouts or refuses to provide address when 'staying with friends'
- Doesn't answer calls or turns phone off

If missing - parents / carers / professional to call Police (101)

Where and when last seen. What happened before?



Describe young person and what wearing



**Don't miss an opportunity** to speak to the young person when they return

RHI to be offered within 24hrs

Update pre-incident risk assessment. Update plans anything need to change? Balance risk management with young person's wishes later curfew; time with family or friends; placement type; consider maturity and planning for independence



Allocated to a social worker and missing for 24hrs

Complete Senior Leadership



#### Work with the network to make a plan for finding the child / young person

- Family knowledge of peers or possible locations; trust adults could help locate
- Police tracing and location visits
- Education knowledge of peers
- Health to inform risk assessment
- Contextual safeguarding workers engagement, peer / location knowledge

#### **Hold strategy meeting** within 3 working days

Plan further attempts to find young person Consider publicity **Contact Missing Persons** Consider recovery order