



# Keeping safe from abuse



# What is abuse?

## What is this book about?



Everybody has a right to be safe from abuse. This book has been written to help you understand abuse and to stay safe.



Safeguarding is about everyone working together to make sure people are safe.






This book has information about different types of abuse. You can read it alone or with someone to support you.


# What is abuse?

	<p>Abuse is when someone hurts you or treats you badly.</p>
	<p>Abuse can be done on purpose or by accident.</p> <p><b>Abuse is never your fault.</b></p>
	<p>There are different types of abuse.</p> <p>This book has information about some of the different types of abuse listed in the Care Act.</p>
	<p>The Care Act is a law that says how organisations must work together so people are safe from abuse.</p>
	<p>Remember, abuse is <b>never</b> OK.</p> <p>If you or someone you know is being abused, tell someone you trust.</p>
	<p>There are details of people you can talk to at the back of this book.</p>

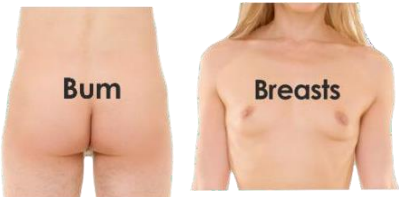
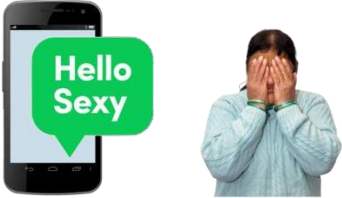



# Physical abuse

	<p><b>Physical abuse</b> is when someone hurts you or part of your body.</p>
	<p>Physical abuse could be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Punching, hitting or kicking</li><li>• Biting, scratching or slapping</li><li>• Grabbing roughly or pushing</li><li>• Pulling hair</li></ul>
	<p>Signs of physical abuse could be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• bruises</li><li>• burns</li><li>• cuts</li><li>• broken bones</li></ul>
	<p>It can also be if you are given the wrong medication, too much medication or not enough medication.</p>


# Sexual abuse

	<p><b>Sexual abuse</b> is when someone forces you to have sex or touches you or speaks to you in a sexual way when you do not want them to.</p>
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## Examples of sexual abuse

	<p>Someone touches your body or private parts in a sexual way when you do not want them to.</p> <p>Someone makes you touch their private parts.</p>
	<p>Someone makes comments about you or your body that make you feel uncomfortable or scared.</p>
	<p>Someone makes you have sex or do a sexual thing when you do not want to.</p>
	<p>Shows you pictures or videos about sex that you don't want to see</p>
	<p>The other person might be a stranger. It might be someone you know, including your partner. <b>It is still not OK.</b></p>

# Emotional abuse

	<p><b>Emotional abuse</b> is when people do or say things which make you feel bad or scared.</p> <p>This is also called <b>psychological abuse</b>.</p>
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## Examples of emotional abuse

	<p>Bullying, calling names or laughing at you.</p>
	<p>Being treated like a child.</p>
	<p>Being threatened or made to do things you don't want to do.</p>
	<p>Being left alone or ignored on purpose.</p>

# Financial abuse



**Financial abuse** is when someone uses your money or your things without your permission.

## Examples of financial abuse



Stealing your money or your things.



Borrowing your money or things but not giving them back.



Someone makes you pay for their things - like lunch or drinks.



Someone taking control of your money without your permission.

This includes taking your benefits or changing your will.

# Neglect



**Neglect** is when someone who is meant to support you does not support you properly.

## Examples of neglect



Not giving you enough food or drink



Not supporting you to stay warm or cool.




Giving you the wrong medication, even if it is an accident.



Leaving you on your own for a long time when you need support.





# Self-neglect

	<p>Self-neglect is when you do not look after yourself properly and this causes you or someone else harm.</p>
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## Examples of self-neglect

	<p>Not eating enough food or eating too much of the wrong kind of food.</p>
	<p>When you don't have a wash, shower or a bath or brush your teeth regularly.</p>
	<p>Living in a very dirty home and never cleaning or tidying up. This includes people who have pets and do not clean up their poo.</p>
	<p>Not going to the doctors or dentist when you need to go.</p>

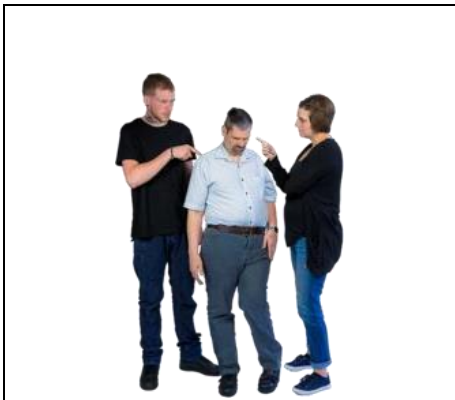
# Discrimination

	<p><b>Discrimination</b> is when someone treats you differently or unfairly because you are different to them.</p>
	<p>People may treat you differently because of your:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• age</li><li>• gender or sexuality</li><li>• disability or health condition</li><li>• race or religion</li></ul>

## Examples of discrimination

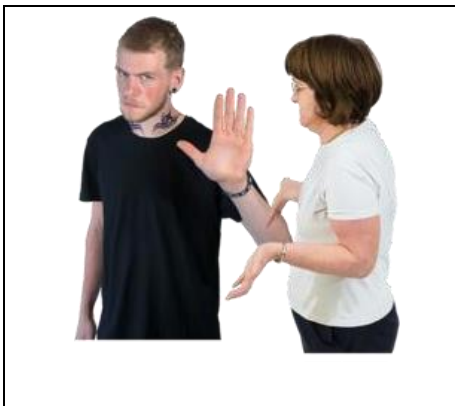
	<p>People calling you names or saying nasty things about you because of who you are. This might be in person or behind your back or on the internet.</p>
	<p>Not getting the support you need to do things like everyone else, for example use of a ramp.</p> <p>Or a communication aid.</p>

# Organisational abuse



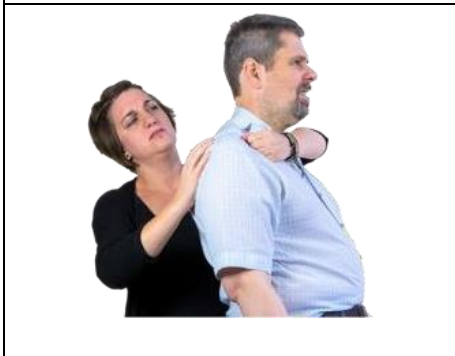
**Organisational abuse** is when people or services paid to look after you do not do their job properly. This can also be called **institutional abuse** or **systemic abuse**.

## Examples of organisational abuse



When staff make all the rules and you have no choice about:

- where you live and who you live with
- when you get up or go to bed
- what you can eat and when



When staff don't know how to support you properly or do their job



When there are no social, recreation and entertainment activities **or** when you have to do the same activities all the time with no choices.

# Domestic abuse

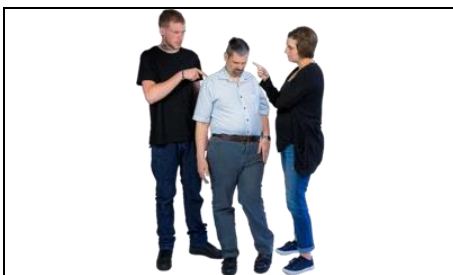
	<p><b>Domestic abuse</b> is when you are abused in your home by someone who is</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• a family member <b>or</b></li><li>• someone you are or have been in a relationship with</li></ul>
	<p>The law says that the person abusing you must be aged 16 or over for it to be called domestic abuse.</p>
	<p>Domestic abuse can include lots of the other types of abuse in this book including emotional, physical and financial.</p>
	<p>Someone controlling your money and what you can buy.</p>
	<p>Someone might stop you from seeing your friends, family, pets or other people outside your home.</p>
	<p>Someone might open your mail and read your private letters including your emails and social media without your permission.</p>

# Modern Slavery



**Modern Slavery** is when someone has control over you and makes you work for them without pay.

## Examples of modern slavery



Having no control about your life, where you live and what you can do.



Having to work long days in bad conditions



Being punished if you don't work.



Being too scared to leave or tell anyone.

## Other types of abuse

	<p>In this book we have talked about types of abuse in the Care Act. This is a law that says how organisations must work together so people are safe from abuse.</p>
	<p>There are also other types of abuse that you might have heard about.</p>
	<p><b>Hate Crime</b> is when someone does something to you or attacks you because of who you are.</p> <p>They might attack you because of your gender, your race, your disability or something else.</p>
	<p><b>Mate Crime</b> is when someone pretends to be your friend so they can take advantage of you.</p> <p>This includes stealing your money, eating your food or using your house.</p>

# Talk to someone you trust



	<p>Remember, abuse and neglect is <b>never</b> ok.</p>
	<p>If you or someone you know is being abused, tell someone you trust.</p>
	<p>This could be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Someone in your family</li> <li>• A friend</li> <li>• A carer or support worker</li> <li>• A social worker</li> <li>• An advocate</li> <li>• The police</li> <li>• A nurse or doctor</li> <li>• Someone from a charity like Age UK, Mencap or Mind</li> <li>• Someone from the Care Quality Commission</li> <li>• Someone you work with</li> </ul>
	<p>Keeping Safe from Abuse Book 2 'Speaking up about abuse' has information about how to tell someone about abuse. Book 3 'Reporting abuse' has information about what happens when you report abuse.</p>

# Contact details

<p><b>North Tyneside Council</b>  <b>Telephone:</b>  <b>0191 643 2777</b></p>	<p><b>Northumberland County Council Council</b>  <b>Telephone: 01670 536 400</b></p>
	<p><b>Northumbria Police</b></p> <p>For emergencies  call 999. To talk to  someone call 101.</p>

## Thank you!

North Tyneside and Northumberland Safeguarding Adults Board would like to thank North Yorkshire Safeguarding Adults Board who gave permission to adapt this booklet locally. Thank you to all the following organisations who co-produced the booklet: †

 <p><b>North Yorkshire</b> Safeguarding Adults Board</p>	<p>North Yorkshire Safeguarding Adults Board</p>
	<p>KeyRing self-advocates from the North Yorkshire Learning Disability Partnership Board.</p>



 <p><b>inclusion north</b></p>	<p>Inclusion North <a href="http://www.inclusionnorth.org">www.inclusionnorth.org</a></p>
 <p><b>North Yorkshire</b> County Council</p>	<p>North Yorkshire County Council Health and Adult Services</p>