

Durham Children's Social Care:

Quality Assurance Framework



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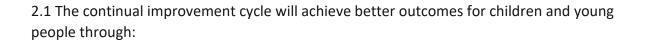
1. Introduction

- 1.1 This Quality Assurance Framework sets out how Durham Children's Social Care Services will ensure a focus on a single framework that continuously drives improvement in the quality of practice which in turn leads to improved outcomes for children and families in Durham.
- 1.2 This document builds on the work described within the Research in Practice paper "Building a quality culture" and the learning from a number of Local Authorities who have effectively used this approach to drive improvement and achieve better outcomes for Children and Young People.

2. Continual improvement

2.1 We understand that improvement is a continuous process and this framework sets out mechanisms that support the improvement cycle that is shown below.





- Ensuring all staff have a role to play in the improvement of practice and practice outcomes;
- A bottom up approach which will empower staff to bring effective challenge, the ability to inform practice and ownership to drive through improvements;
- Enabling regular review of strategic, policy and practice guidance to respond to issues, with all staff clear of the standards they are required to work to;
- Ensuring all staff are clear on our quality of practice process and how this shapes improvement and outcomes;
- Delivering robust analysis will ensure full understanding of issues affecting practice and outcomes, recommendations and changes will be made from a position of being fully informed;
- Researching the sector and aiming to learn from best practice to inform improvement in our practice.

3. The practice system

3.1 We our passionate about working with families in a relational way that is strength based and continually pays attention to the trauma that children and young people may have experienced. We use the Signs of Safety practice framework to inform our practice and have set out a number of practice principles and shown how they align to the values of the wider council in the graphic below:



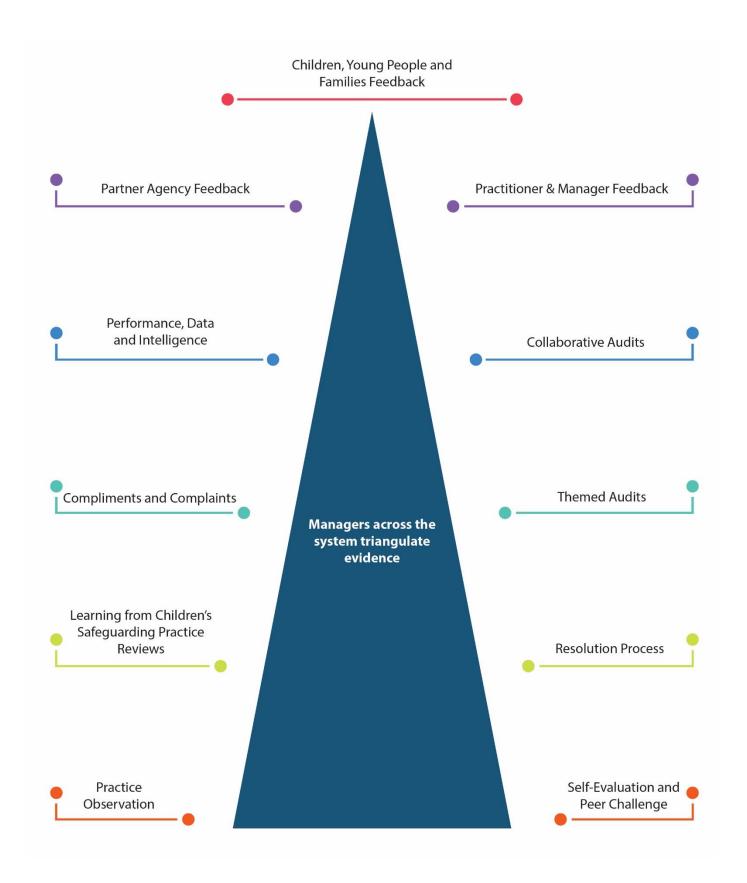
4. The Quality Assurance Framework

4.1 This Quality Assurance Framework combines both the quantitative performance data that we collect and the qualitative evidence that we gather from a range of sources across our Social Care system. The key components of this data are described below:

Quantitative	How much?
	How many?
	How often?
	How quickly?
Qualitative	How did we do?
	What did children, young people and their families think and feel about it?
	What did the front line think about it?
	What do frontline practitioners and managers think about it?
	What feedback have we had from partners?
Impact/Outcomes	What difference have services, strategies, interventions, and individuals made to the lives of children and young people?
	Is anyone better off and how do we know?
	How can we improve?

4.2 The ultimate aim is to accurately understand what the quality of practice is in Durham and what difference this is making to outcomes for children and families. The framework below illustrates the key sources of information that we use to do this.

Framework for a whole-system approach to assurance and performance management



4.3 The table below shows how each of the sources of information will be gathered and used to inform practice improvement.

Information source	How does this inform practice improvement?	Frequency
Children, Young People and Families Feedback	We have a range of mechanisms across services to capture feedback from Children, Young People and their Families. Our Participation and Engagement worker is pivotal in ensuring that this work is strengthened and that we effectively use this feedback to influence practice and service development. Key themes from this feedback are reported quarterly in the Quality of Practice report that is presented to the Quality Improvement Board.	Monthly and quarterly
Practitioner & Manager Feedback	Feedback from practitioners is captured formally through the annual Organisational Health Check and DCC Staff survey.	Annual
	The Principal Social Worker hosts a forum with practitioners every 4 weeks where feedback is gathered. The Principal Social Worker takes responsibility for ensuring that this feedback is fed into the Raising the Bar Board so it can be acted upon.	Monthly
	Practice Weeks are held bi-annually and consist of all Senior Managers undertaking visits and observations of practice to all areas of the service to hear about challenges and celebrate good practice. The feedback is reviewed by the Senior Management Team and agreed actions are communicated to staff via Team Manager and Practitioner Briefings.	Bi-annually
	Head of Service Team Manager Briefings are held quarterly which provide an opportunity for Team Managers to feedback directly to the Senior Management Team.	Quarterly
	Head of Service Practitioner Briefings are held bi-monthly which provide an opportunity for practitioners to feedback directly to the Senior Management Team.	Bi-monthly
	Key themes relevant to practice improvement are considered at the fortnightly Children's Social Care Management Team business meeting.	Fortnightly

Information source	How does this inform practice improvement?	Frequency
Partner Agency Feedback	The Multi-agency audit programme provides an opportunity for partner agency feedback. The learning from these audits are discussed at the Embedded Learning Sub-Group of the DCSP and actions to improve practice are agreed and monitored.	Monthly
Performance, Data & Intelligence	Regular, routine performance information is shared with managers at all levels of the organisation to encourage the timely and proactive identification of issues and ensure oversight of any challenges faced. Data is benchmarked and trends, existing and emerging, highlighted. Practice improvement actions taken to address these issues are agreed and communicated. Business Critical Performance Indicators (PIS) and headline demand data is shared on a weekly basis. Senior Managers within the service are held to account and face challenge from colleagues, both within and outside of CYPS. Further areas for analysis/audit are also identified which also enable targeted practice improvement. Bespoke performance and data reporting also exists for specific aspects of the service and key partnerships as well as real-time information dashboards providing day-to-day management information. Areas for improvement identified in our monthly performance reporting cycle are followed up with deepdive analysis, along with our service improvement priorities. This provides a clear focus on key topics and enables us to prioritise improvement actions. Impact Statements are produced following each deep-dive to	Monthly
	capture and consolidate findings and learning and monitor the impact of our improvement actions. Next steps are then monitored through the QIB and reported back to the CYPS Performance Clinic.	
Compliments and Complaints	A summary of the learning from Compliments and Complaints are reported to the Quality Improvement Board where decisions are made about what actions need to be taken to improve practice or celebrate good practice.	Quarterly
Children's Safeguarding Practice Reviews	Safeguarding Practice Reviews will be led by the DSCP and all learning will be taken into the Embedded Learning Sub-Group.	Monthly

Information source	How does this inform practice improvement?	Frequency
Practice Observation	All practitioners are observed by their line managers twice yearly. The learning from the observations is discussed directly with the practitioner and provide a rich source of feedback, both in terms of celebrating good practice and identifying areas of improvement.	Bi-annual
Collaborative Audits	There is a comprehensive programme of collaborative audits across the service. Case file audits are undertaken with the practitioner and it is expected to be a strength-based process, highlighting both good practice and areas for improvement. The outcomes of these audits are analysed by the Service Improvement Manager and reported quarterly to the QIB in the Quality of Practice Report. The learning from the audits are shared through the Locality Management meetings.	Quarterly
Moderation Process	A moderation process led by Strategic Managers has been developed to ensure that there is a consistency of auditing across the system and that the expectations of good quality practice are maintained. Appendix 3 provides a summary of what we believe good practice looks like. Feedback from the moderation sessions will be provided at the start of each quarter to the collaborative evaluation audit group and to the Quality Improvement Board.	Quarterly
Themed Audits	There is a programme of themed audits that is informed by performance information or feedback suggesting further understanding of practice is required, or where improvement activity has taken place and we want to understand whether or not it has had the desired impact. Learning is shared at the Social Care Quality Improvement Board and disseminated through Management meetings, Practitioner Briefings and the Raising the Bar Newsletter.	Quarterly

Information source	How does this inform practice improvement?	Frequency
Resolution Process	This process is well embedded and is used by the IRO service to ensure that there is effective challenge where necessary and that this challenge is ensuring that care planning for children and young people is effective, timely and making a difference to the quality of practice and that the experience of children and families is improved.	Monthly
Self evaluation and peer challenge	The Strategic Manager for Professional Practice and Safeguarding is responsible for the continuous review of the Self-Evaluation document. This is shared with OFSTED on an annual basis and used to inform our strategic planning process.	Continuous
	A range of regional peer challenge activity is undertaken to provide an external view of our practice. The learning from this activity is reported to the Senior Management Team and practitioners and managers through management meetings, practitioner briefings and the Raising the Bar Newsletter. Any improvement activity arising from it is tracked by the Quality Improvement Board.	

4.4 Method of triangulating evidence

- 4.5 The above sources of information are all valuable and many will lead to direct actions being taken to improve the quality of practice. However, it is also important that there are opportunities for these sources of information to be viewed together so that we get a holistic and accurate understanding of the quality of practice.
- 4.6 The meeting structure in Appendix 1 has been designed to facilitate a "bottom-up" conversation about the quality of practice from front-line managers to the Chief Executive and to enable the triangulation of a range of both qualitative and quantitative evidence. These regular internal DCC meetings are also supplemented by discussion, scrutiny and challenge of our performance by partners in various partnership forums.
- 4.7 Through these conversations we will identify particular areas of practice where there is merit in undertaking a focused piece of analysis a Deep Dive to better understand practice and ensure a sharp focus on associated improvement activity.
- 4.8 A forward plan for Deep Dives will be maintained and this will be aligned to the existing Quality Improvement Board (QIB) work programme (see 5).
- 4.9 The thematic audit schedule will be continually reviewed to ensure it is aligned to the focus of any Deep Dives.

- 4.10 Where a particular issue is the subject of a deep-dive a Task and Finish group will be established with cross-service representation to support the work of the Strategy Team and ensure there is an absolute focus on the quality of practice throughout.
- 4.11 Impact statements (Appendix 2) are used as a key vehicle for ensuring that qualitative and quantitative data is bought together so that we fully understand a particular practice issue and, having addressed the issue, we fully understand the impact we have had on children and young people.
- 4.12 When an Impact statement has been produced a review date will be agreed by the QIB. At the point of review, the Impact statement will be used as the basis to start the review.
- 4.13 The diagram below shows the relationship between the CYPS performance clinic and the QIB:



4.14 As part of each monthly performance cycle Team Managers analyse and respond to the Monthly Performance report produced by the Strategy Team. Team Managers are asked to scrutinise the monthly performance data and Children's Services Analysis Tool (ChAT). The performance clinics offer opportunities to discuss what's working well in team and service performance, highlight what is worrying to teams and the system as a whole, whilst working on next steps and expectations to improve. Team Managers are expected to be clear about their own team's performance, taking ownership and responsibility for this. Alongside their operations/strategic managers they will lead on how improvements, if necessary are required to improve performance. This should be done by asking critical questions through appreciative inquiry of colleagues, where team performance is meeting or surpassing expectations, so that learning is shared.

- 4.15 This scrutiny and challenge by senior managers is then continued in the Children's Social Care Performance Clinic, as a summary of what's working well, what we are worried about, and mitigating actions alongside any deep-dive analysis. The outcomes of the Children's Social Care Performance and Outcomes clinic are presented to the CYPS Senior Management Team and subsequently to the Chief Executive Performance and Outcomes meeting.
- 4.16 There is then further oversight and scrutiny from Members, which is supported by a regular programme of scrutiny agreed by the Children's Overview and Scrutiny Committee.
- 4.17 The effective challenge and scrutiny on a frequent basis will ensure that performance issues that are specific to individual teams can be addressed and supported in a timely way. It also provides a forum to identify potential systemic issues that require further exploration via a deep-dive, themed audit, or that need a service wide response. Additionally, it creates a forum to identify areas of best practice that need to be celebrated and shared widely to support the continuous improvement of practice.

5. Quality Improvement

- 5.1 The **Social Care Quality Improvement Board (QIB)** is chaired by the Head of Service for Social Care and is the primary mechanism for ensuring that the learning from the Performance meetings is captured and that both the audit programme and improvement plan are aligned to what we have learnt about the quality of practice.
- 5.2 In addition to the learning from the Performance and Outcome meetings, the learning from the below sources of information will be collated and reported on a quarterly basis to the QIB by the Service Improvement Managers, Safeguarding and Professional Practice:
 - Themes from Audits (that have not been discussed at the Performance and Outcome meetings)
 - Children, Young People and Families Feedback (that has not been discussed at the Performance and Outcome meetings)
 - Safeguarding Practice Reviews
 - Peer Challenge activity
- 5.3 There is a single Quality Improvement Board Action plan which summaries all key areas of improvement activity across Children's Social Care. Each individual service area has a detailed improvement plan to ensure that is aligned to this overarching plan. The plan is routinely monitored by the QIB to ensure that it is driving improvement in the quality of practice and improving outcomes for children and families.
- 5.4 It is vital that everyone throughout the organisation is clear about the learning from the process described above and that they have an understanding of their role in any associated improvement activity. The Safeguarding and Professional Practice team will attend service specific management meetings throughout 2021 to share key messages and continue to raise the profile of the quality improvement agenda.

Appendix 1: Meetings Structure

Meeting	Frequency	Who?
Demand and Business Critical PIs	Weekly	Head of Children's Social Care Strategic Managers Strategy
CLA & Permanence Performance	Monthly	Team Managers Operations Managers Strategy Systems and Data
Families First Performance	Monthly (Locality)	Strategic Manager Operations Managers Team Managers Strategy Systems and Data
Quality & Review Team Performance (IROs)	Monthly	Strategic Manager Operations Managers Independent Reviewing Officers Strategy
Children's Social Care Performance	Monthly	Head of Service Strategic Managers Operations Managers Strategy Systems and Data

Meeting	Frequency	Who?
CYPS Senior Management Team Performance	Monthly	CYPS senior leadership team: Corporate Director and Heads of Service
		Strategic Managers (where required) Strategy
Chief Executive Performance	Quarterly	CEO
		CYPS senior leadership team: Corporate
		Director and Heads of Service
		Corporate Director, Resources
		Head of Adult Care
		Head of Integrated Commissioning
		Strategy
Children's Overview and Scrutiny Committee		Members

Appendix 2: Impact and Evidence Statements

What is the Key Line of Enquiry?		
What is/was the issue?		
Triat io was the lead i		
What have we done?		
What have we done:		
What impact have we had?		
What impact have we had?		
Next Stone		
Next Steps		
Next Steps Action	Lead	Timescale
	Lead	Timescale
Action	Lead	Timescale
	Lead	Timescale
Action	Lead	Timescale

Appendix 3

Contact/
Referral

Contact/Referral showed clear understanding of when appropriate to refer to social care.

Contact/Referral on agreed format, containing all relevant information and is clear about the reason for referral Contact/Referral responded to promptly (within 24 hours) and decisions taken are appropriate to identified need.

Decision making takes accounts of previous referrals/contacts.

What are we worried about: harm and complicating factors and what's working well: strengths and safety are recorded with specific behavioural detail.

Manager's risk analysis, scaling next steps and rationale for decision is evidenced and appropriate for referral information and history. Evidence recorded on Liquid Logic (LL) to demonstrate child / young person allocated to qualified social worker promptly. A danger statement is created to guide next steps.

Basic Information

LL recording is up to date, concise and analytical and provides sufficient detail to ensure effective safeguarding and focused planning at all times. There is a clear case summary on every file that is reviewed every 3 months.

LL records indicate that practitioner and managers have reviewed and quality assured records.

Danger statements, safety goals, and scaling are evident on file and address specific behaviours.

Danger statements include the views of the child / young person about the impact of the worries on them (where possible).

Safety goals include what the child / young person tells us they want to be different in relation to the worries.

Case recordings are written in plain, jargon free language that is compassionate and would allow a child / young person to understand their story.

Files for looked after children include a recent photo.

Assessment

Assessment clearly identifies reason for the assessment, strengths and areas of concern, provides a detailed analysis and includes all members of the household. 'Absent' parents are included in the assessment unless there is a good reason not to.

The assessment includes a chronology, genogram and is informed by the Harm Matrix (where appropriate).

It explores the wider network of family and friends and what it is that they currently do to help. The assessment is evidence based and uses the voice of the child / young person, multiple perspectives of the people who know the child / young person best (parents / carers, family network and key professionals) and observation to explore and analyse danger. worries. strengths and safety from

different points

of view

Assessment is written in plain, jargon free, compassionate language that is understandable to parents / carers and is written in a way that would make families want to work with us rather than feeling judged.

Danger / worries, strengths and safety are described in behavioural detail and are clear about the impact on the child / young person The assessment includes the views of key professionals who know the child / young person and parents best. When making reference to research, this is informed by evidence about how the danger, worries, strengths and safety is impacting on this child / young person in this family.

The analysis includes danger / worry statement(s), safety / success goal(s) and matched scaling questions

Child / young person is seen alone (where appropriate), spoken to and their views and wishes recorded and reflected in assessment.

The child's / young person's views and wishes are shared with the parents / carers / wider network and this information is used to inform the danger / worry statements, safety / success and the plan.

It is clear from the The assessment what assessment everyday life is like for the child / young person. There is evidence of direct work with the child / voung person to understand their plan. views, including use of communication aids, observation and speaking to the people who know the child / vouna person best (wider network and professionals) where the child / vouna

person can't easily

express their views

explores any diversity and disability issues and addresses these in the plan.

Evidence of some quality assurance by Manager and follow up by practitioner

where

necessary.

Assessments reviewed and signed off by Manager within timescales.

Evidence of Evidence of Signed and signed off by Assessment is shared with parents shared with parents shared with parents shared with parents of shared with parents shared with parents on their age and understanding) in good time and their feedback is included.

The outcome of the assessment is then shared with the parents / carers, child / young person and their feedback is gathered.

Planning	is making a positive difference to the child / young person's life. The plan is informed by the danger / worry statements, safety / success goals and scaling questions – this links back to the analysis in the assessment. Any bottom lines needed to ensure		The plan shows evide good understanding o child's needs and how be met, within clear tir There is strong evider child / young person a wider network of famil friends have been invocreating the plan, e.g. Network Meetings; Far Conferences	f the these will mescales. ace that the and the y and blved in Family	the day to day actions that parents, carers and the network will undertake to ensure the child / young person's safety and wellb (and is not a list of servication attend or a written agreer attend or a written agree attend or a written agree attend or a written agreer attend or a written agree attend		There is strong evidence of the child / young person and family involvement in the development of the plan. This should include family network meetings; outlining family and friend support with specific actions for supporting the child / young person's safety and wellbeing. There is evidence to show that the plan has been tried and tested over time and that this is making a positive difference to the child / young person's life	The plan is progressing and meeting the child / young person's needs. Where there is evidence the plan is not meeting the child / young person's needs, the reasons for this are explored and changes made if needed.	The case file recording tells the child / young person's story and evidences progress. The child / young person has a words and pictures explanation of their plan.
Review	Child and family plan has been reviewed in accordance with procedural requirements and is responsive to the child / young person's changing needs. The danger / worry statements, safety / success goals and scaling questions continue to guide the review of the plan	Reviews are convened to allow maximum attendance of family and professionals. Where this is not appropriate, views are sought and feedback is given regularly.		actively inv have the a including a	young people are volved where they bility to do so, attending meetings their own reviews.	Minutes o an analys still needs greater sa person. The plan it o actions	of reviews are comprehensive and etailed analysis of the issues and at are required to meet outcomes, timescales. If reviews are detailed and include is of what is working well and what is to happen to move towards afety / success for the child / young is updated to include any changes by the parents / carers / wider child / young person needed to in the plan		in the child / young
Management Oversight	Supervision has been taking place in accordance with supervision policy and is responsive to social worker's needs.	and evidend been raised parameters actions, cor	is reflective, analytical ces issues which have l. It sets clear regarding required ntingencies and work, addressing effectively.		n reviews actions of upervision and completed.	Records u	up to date and fit for purpose.	There is evidence of re Appreciative Inquiry or	