

*6 Make a Request to Remove Data

Where the data has been made available in online environment:

 Inform the other data controller and take reasonable steps to take down the information.

Where the data is in electronic format on a system,:

- If a valid erasure request is received and no exemption applies then the service will have to take steps to ensure erasure from backup systems as well as live systems. Those steps will depend on how the Trust uses the data, retention schedule (particularly in the context of its backups), and the technical mechanisms that are available.
- The Service must be absolutely clear with individuals as to what will happen to their data when their erasure request is fulfilled, including in respect of backup systems.
- It may be that the erasure request can be instantly fulfilled in respect of live systems, but that the data will remain within the backup environment for a certain period of time until it is overwritten.
- The key issue is to put the backup data 'beyond use', even if it cannot be immediately overwritten. The service must ensure that they do not use the data within the backup for any other purpose, ie that the backup is simply held on the systems until it is replaced in line with an established schedule. Provided this is the case it may be unlikely that the retention of personal data within the backup would pose a significant risk, although this will be context specific.

*7 Inform Data Subject on outcome

When Request is refused the service must inform the requestor without undue delay and within one month of receipt of the request the following:

- the reasons the service is not taking action;
- their right to make a complaint to the ICO or another supervisory authority; and
- their ability to seek to enforce this right through a different data controller.